

# Genetic mapping of broad-spectrum QTLs and strain-specific major QTL for resistance to *Ralstonia solanacearum* in eggplant using GBS



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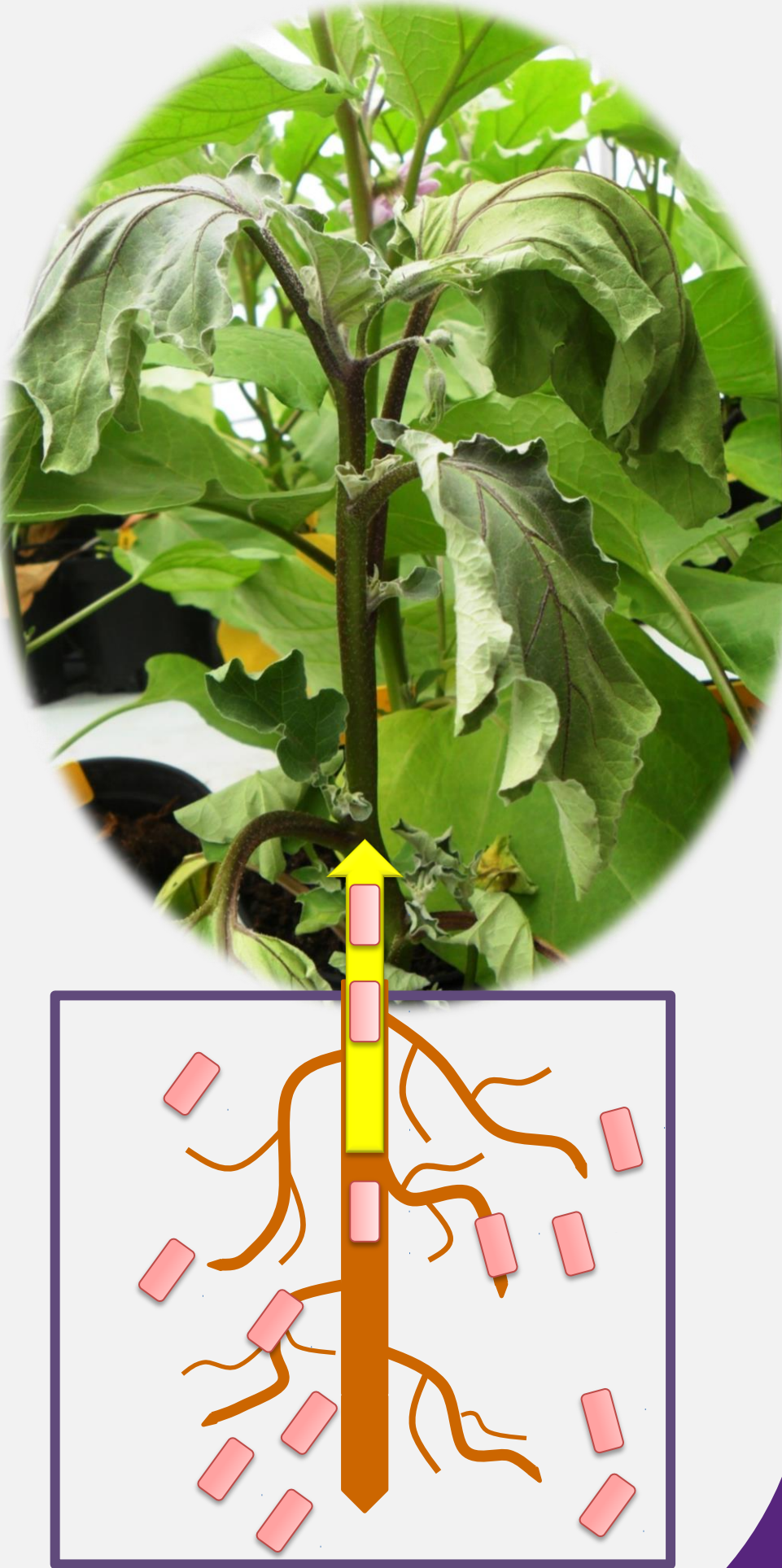
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## Introduction

- ❖ The bacteria, *R. solanacearum*, causes wilting on a wide range of crops including tomato, pepper, potato and eggplant.
- ❖ Major problem in tropical and subtropical areas.
- ❖ *R. solanacearum* species complex divided in phylotypes: I, IIA, IIB, III and IV.
- ❖ Strains from all phylotypes can wilt eggplant.
- ❖ Scarcity of resistance's sources in cultivated species. Locus *ERs1* in eggplant controls three strains of phylotype I [1].



## Objectives

- 1 Fine mapping of *ERs1* using Genotyping By Sequencing (GBS)
- 2 Efficiency of *ERs1* facing strains belonging to phylotypes I, IIA, IIB and III

## Materials & Methods

E8 (MM738) susceptible (S) X E6 (AG91-25) resistant (R)

188 recombinant inbred lines (RILs)

Phenotyping with strains of phylotypes I, IIA, IIB and III

GBS with ApeKI enzyme



TTCCTGAACTGCATGAATGCTCAATCCTGCATCGGGGC  
GCTTACAGCATGAATGCTCAATCCTGCATCGGGGCTCA  
ATCGTACTGCTCGGATCGATTAGCCATCGATCCAGTC  
ACAAACAGCGTAGGTAACGTAAGCTTAGCAATCGATAGC  
BARCODE ApeKI restriction site INSERTION (~ 90 bp)

Data analysis with Stacks pipeline [2]

Phenotypic data analysis

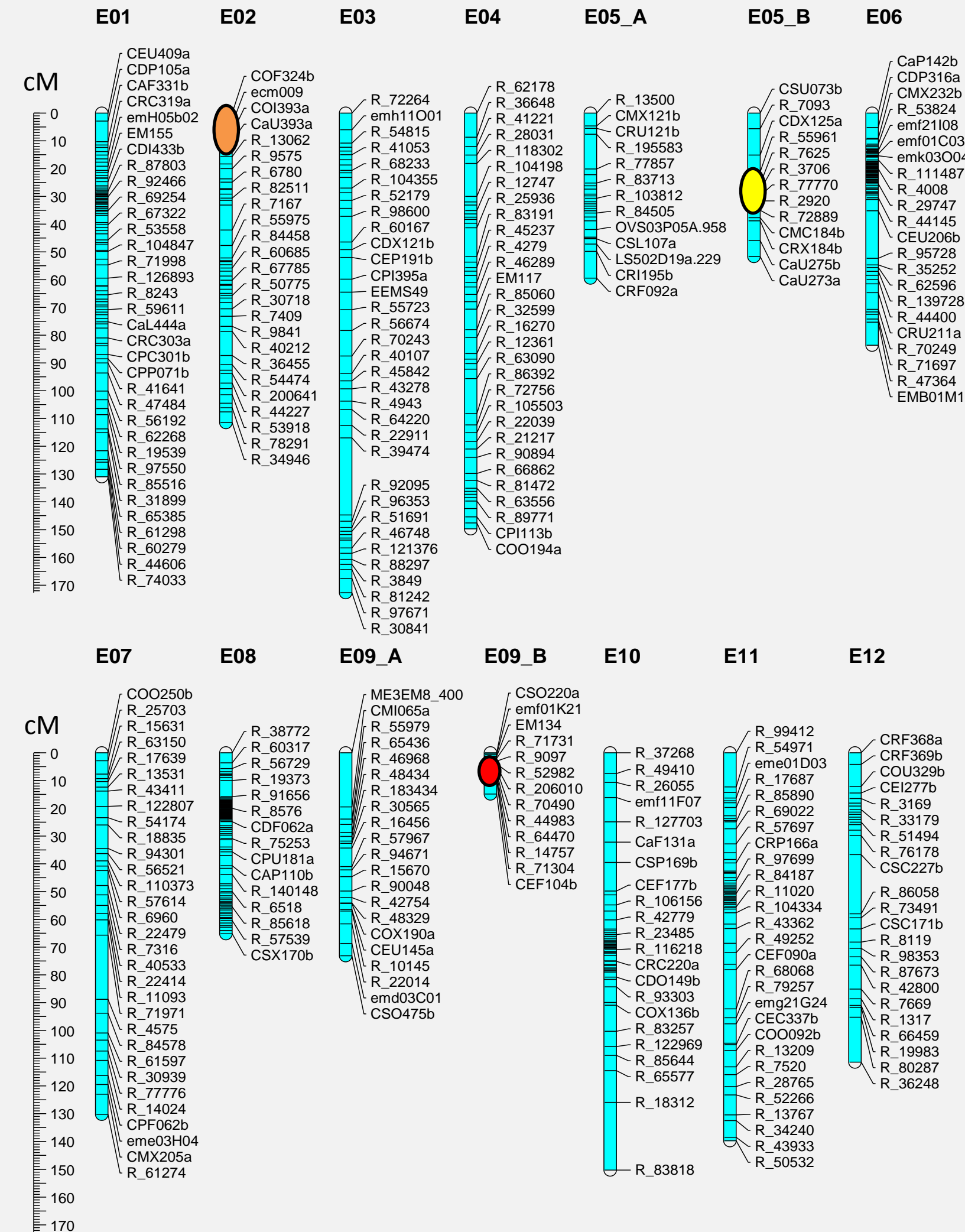
Genetic map with JoinMap 4.1 [3]



QTL analysis with R/qtl package [4]

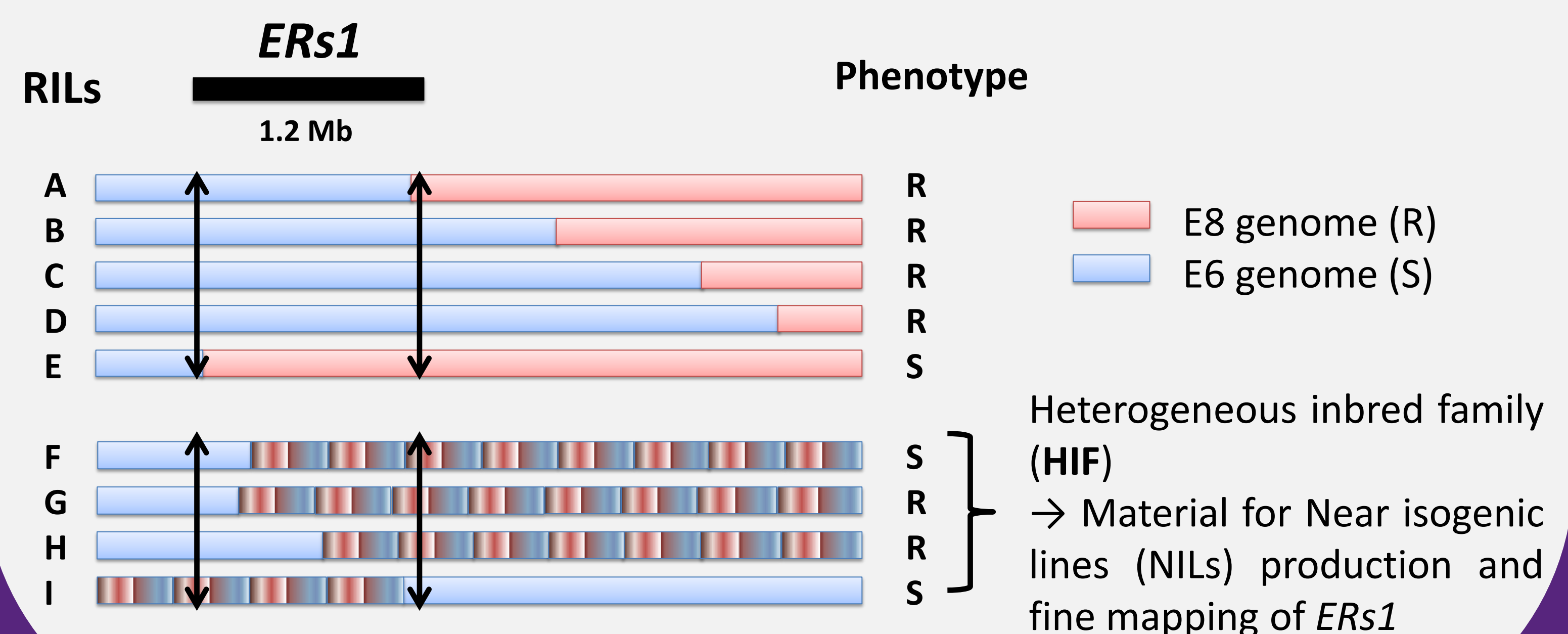
## Results

- ❖ 14 linkage groups (661 SNPs, 136 AFLPs and 26 SSRs) anchored to the 12 chromosomes of eggplant's genome SME\_r2.5.1 [5]



- ❖ QTL conferring resistance to phylotypes I, IIA and III strains Phenotypic variance (PVE): 13 to 38%
- ❖ QTL conferring resistance to phylotypes IIA and III strains PVE: 17 to 45%
- ❖ *ERs1* major resistance QTL conferring very high level of resistance to phylotypes I strains

- ❖ *ERs1* physical position estimated in a 1.2 Mb of the long arm of chromosome 9.



## Conclusions

- ❖ Presence of a major QTL (*ERs1*) specifically associated with resistance to phylotype I.
- Deployment of cultivars with *ERs1* in areas where phylotype I strains are predominant (Asia).
- ❖ Two broad-spectrum QTLs on chromosomes 2 and 5.
- Introgression in commercial cultivars in combination with *ERs1* to confer resistance to phylotypes IIA and III.
- ❖ Anchored map will help to fine map *ERs1* and potentially identify candidate genes.
- Better understanding of *R. solanacearum* and plants interactions.

## References

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